Chapter 1: Have you ever seen...?

WARMING UP! [PAGE 12]

Warming Up! | Q 1 | Page 12

Words that have the same spelling, but differ in meaning when used in different contexts are called homographs. For example,

- 1. A temple fair attracts a lot of crowds. Her performance in the test was fair.
- 2. A rose is the king of flowers.
 The sun rose with a golden glow.

Think of 5 homographs and list them below. Then write 2 sentences of your own, to bring out the difference in meanings.

Homograph	Sentences
(1)	1 2
(2)	1 2
(3)	1 2
(4)	1 2
(5)	1 2

SOLUTION

Homograph	Sentences
(1) Close	 Shut: Did you close the windows before leaving the house? Near: The post office is close to the bank.
(2) Bat	 Cricket: Tom has a strange way of holding his cricket bat. An animal: We often see bats in our garden late at night.
(3) Fly	 Move through the air: I love to watch the birds fly in the open sky. An insect: I hated the experience when I found a fly in my soup.





(4) Left	 Direction: When you reach the end of the road, tum left. The past tense of leave: She left the office at 5 pm.
(5) Fan	 An admirer: I am a huge fan of Hollywood films. A cooling device: Can you switch off the fan, please?

Warming Up! | Q 2 | Page 12

When words with the same spelling or pronunciation are used in such a way that they convey more than one meaning, the figure of speech involved is called a pun.

A pun is a play upon words. For example,

- A. Hello! How's life?
- B. Hell, O! It's a strife.

Find other examples of pun with the help of your parents/teacher.

1.			
2.			
3.			
1			

SOLUTION

- 1. When his wife died, he cried for a second.
- 2. Living life depends on the liver.
- 3. You cannot buy a cap for your knee.
- 4. Don't cross the bridge of your nose.

Warming Up! | Q 3 | Page 12

In poetry, when a question is asked, not to get an answer, but to emphasise a point of fact, it is an example of Interrogation.

For example:

- When can their glory fade?
- Isn't it time for the autumn's glow?

From a popular book of poems/the internet, write down 3-4 examples of Interrogation used in poetry.

1.					
2.					
3.					
4.					

SOLUTION

- 1. Do you want to be a success in this world?
- 2. Would you hammer the nail on your toes?
- 3. Can we do better next time?
- 4. How can you sharpen your shoulder blades?

ENGLISH WORKSHOP [PAGES 13 - 14]







English Workshop | Q 1 | Page 13

From each line in the poem, pick out the word that is a homograph. Write its meaning in the context of the phrase used in the poem. Then write the other meaning implied in the question.

Stanza	Word	One meaning		Other meaning
First	1. bed 2 3 4	piece of furniture	→	bottom of the river, sea, etc.
Second	1 2 3 4		\rightarrow	
Third	1 2 3 4		→	

SOLUTION

Stanza	Word	One meaning		Other meaning
First	1. bed 2. head 3. foot 4. hose	1. piece of furniture 2. part of body 3. part of body 4. a piece of clothing worn on the legs like a stocking	→	 bottom of the river, sea, etc. top of hammer the base of a mountain. an instrument used in the garden to water plants.



Second	1. eye 2. wing 3. ribs 4. trunk	 part of body part of building parts of the human body. part of a tree 	\rightarrow	 tiny opening on the top of the needle through which the needle is threaded. a body part of birds. part of the umbrella that supports the curves. a box that is used to store
Third	1. teeth 2. hands	parts of the human body	\rightarrow	articles. 1. a gardening tool (part of a rake)
	3. plot 4. bark	 parts of the human body. a land area 		parts of a clock a wicked or cruel plan sound of a dog.
		part of a tree		

English Workshop | Q 2 | Page 14

Write two lines from this poem which you find most humorous. Justify your choice.

SOLUTION

- Does the needle ever wink its eye?
 Because the thought that putting the thread through its eye, will make it wink, is funny.
- Why doesn't the wing of a building fly?
 Because imagining a building flying with its wings is funny.

English Workshop | Q 3. (a) | Page 14

Fin	d from	the	noem	three	examples	Ωf	Interrogation	•
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- 1. ______
- 3.

SOLUTION

Interrogation

- 1. Does the needle ever wink its eye?
- 2. Why doesn't the wing of a building fly?
- 3. And what is the sound of the birch's bark?

English Workshop | Q 3. (b) | Page 14

Find from the poem, three examples of Pun:

- 1. _____
- 3.

SOLUTION

Pun







 Has the foot of a mountain any toes? And is there a pair of garden hose? Can you tickle the ribs of a parasol?
English Workshop Q 3. (c) Page 14
Find from the poem, three examples of Personification: 1 2 3
SOLUTION
Personification
 Does the needle ever wink its eye? Are the teeth of a rake ever going to bite? Can you tickle the ribs of a parasol?
English Workshop Q 3. (d) Page 14
Find from the poem, three examples of Alliteration: 1 2 3
SOLUTION
Alliteration
 A single hair from a hammer's head? Open the trunk of a tree at all? Can the garden plot be deep and dark?
English Workshop Q 4 Page 14
Form groups of four or five. Think, discuss, and add at least one more stanza, using the same style and devices as the poet has used. It should include homographs, interrogation, and the same rhythm and rhyme scheme.
Have /Does/Are
SOLUTION
Do it Yourself.
English Workshop Q 5.1 Page 14



Read the following sentence carefully. Then fill in the blank using appropriate words, to make puns. She had a photographic memory but never it. 1. struck 2. numbered 3. too tired 4. developed 5. put down 6. homeless 7. old fashioned 8. reaction
SOLUTION
She had a photographic memory but never <u>developed</u> it.
English Workshop Q 5.2 Page 14 Read the following sentence carefully. Then fill in the blank using appropriate words, to make puns. He was struggling to figure out how lightning works when ithim 1. struck 2. numbered 3. too tired 4. developed 5. put down 6. homeless 7. old fashioned 8. reaction
SOLUTION
He was struggling to figure out how lightning works when it struck him.
English Workshop Q 5.3 Page 14 Read the following sentence carefully. Then fill in the blank using appropriate words, to make puns.

Every calendar's days are ______

- 1. struck
- 2. numbered
- 3. too tired
- 4. developed
- 5. put down
- 6. homeless
- 7. old fashioned
- 8. reaction



SOLUTION

Every calendar's days are **numbered**.

English Workshop | Q 5.4 | Page 14

Read the following sentence carefully. Then fill in the blank using appropriate words, to make puns.

A bicycle cannot stand on its own because it is ______.

- 1. struck
- 2. numbered
- 3. too tired
- 4. developed
- 5. put down
- 6. homeless
- 7. old fashioned
- 8. reaction

SOLUTION

A bicycle cannot stand on its own because it is too tired.

English Workshop | Q 5.5 | Page 14

Read the following sentence carefully. Then fill in the blank using appropriate words, to make puns.

I'm reading a book on anti-gravity. It's impossible to ______ the book.

- 1. struck
- 2. numbered
- 3. too tired
- 4. developed
- 5. put down
- 6. homeless
- 7. old fashioned
- 8. reaction

SOLUTION

I'm reading a book on anti-gravity. It's impossible to **put down** the book.

English Workshop | Q 5.6 | Page 14

Read the following sentence carefully. Then fill in the blank using appropriate words, to make puns.

I'd tell you a chemistry joke but I know I wouldn't get a .

- 1. struck
- 2. numbered
- too tired
- 4. developed
- 5. put down
- 6. homeless
- 7. old fashioned





8. reaction

SOLUTION

I'd tell you a chemistry joke but I know I wouldn't get a **reaction**.

English Workshop | Q 5.7 | Page 14

Read the following sentence carefully. Then fill in the blank using appropriate words, to make puns.

What do you call Watson when Sherlock isn't around?

- 1. struck
- 2. numbered
- 3. too tired
- 4. developed
- 5. put down
- 6. homeless
- 7. old fashioned
- 8. reaction

SOLUTION

What do you call Watson when Sherlock isn't around? homeless.

English Workshop | Q 5.8 | Page 14

Read the following sentence carefully. Then fill in the blank using appropriate words, to make puns.

I would tell a history joke, but it's too .

- 1. struck
- 2. numbered
- 3. too tired
- 4. developed
- 5. put down
- 6. homeless
- 7. old fashioned
- 8. reaction

SOLUTION

I would tell a history joke, but it's too old fashioned.

English Workshop | Q 6 | Page 14

Read: 'Alice in Wonderland' by Lewis Carroll.

SOLUTION

Do it Yourself.





